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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
                FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA
                         WILLIAMSPORT DIVISION
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    UNITED STATES OF AMERICA: CASE NO.
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4
         V.
                             : 4:23-CR-163
    JEREMY PAULEY
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                       TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
                            Change of Plea
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         Held before the HONORABLE MATTHEW W. BRANN,
    September 7, 2023, commencing at 12:16 p.m., Courtroom No. 1,
    Federal Building, Williamsport, Pennsylvania.
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    APPEARANCES:
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         For the United States
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    Proceedings recorded by machine shorthand; transcript produced
    by computer-aided transcription.
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                   colleen wentz@pamd.uscourts.gov
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(Proceedings commenced at 12:16 p.m.)

THE COURT: This is the matter of the United States of America against Jeremy Pauley. This matter is docketed before this Court at Criminal No. 4:23-CR-00163. The Court notes the presence of Assistant United States Attorney Sean Camoni; Counsel for the Defense, Jonathan White, Esquire, as well as the Defendant, I assume, Jeremy Pauley. Good afternoon to you, sir.

THE DEFENDANT: Good afternoon, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Pauley, you're represented by Mr. White today. Are you satisfied with the legal representation you have received from him to date?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you. I hereby issue now an order confirming that the United States has an obligation to timely disclose Brady information to this Defendant. I remind Government Counsel that failure to comply with these disclosure obligations may result in consequences such as the exclusion of evidence, dismissal of charges, contempt proceedings, disciplinary referral, and any other relief authorized by law. I will enter a written order confirming these obligations.

Mr. Pauley, my Courtroom Deputy is about to administer an oath to you. If you give me any false answers, you could be subject to further prosecution for perjury or for

making false statements to the Court. Do you understand that, sir? THE DEFENDANT: Yes, Your Honor. 3 THE COURT: Mrs. Rhinehart, would you administer the oath now to this Defendant, please. 5 6 (The Defendant, Jeremy Pauley, was sworn.) COURTROOM DEPUTY: Please state your full name. 7 THE DEFENDANT: Jeremy Lee Pauley. 8 COURTROOM DEPUTY: Thank you. When you sit down, can you pull the microphone back over closer to you so we can 10 hear you. Thank you. 11 THE COURT: Is this matter before the Court for an 12 13 initial appearance, arraignment, and guilty plea, Mr. Camoni? MR. CAMONI: Yes, Your Honor. 14 THE COURT: Mr. White, you agree? 15 MR. WHITE: Yes, Your Honor. 16 BY THE COURT: 17 Mr. Pauley, before I can accept your plea of guilty with 18 19 respect to the charges that have been brought against you in 20 this case, it is necessary for me to establish under Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 11 that you fully and completely 21 understand your rights under the law, and that you understand 22 the consequences of a guilty plea. 23 Do you understand that, sir? 24 Yes, Your Honor. 25 Α.

Q. Mr. Pauley, you've been placed under oath. I'm now going to ask certain questions of you in what is called a plea colloquy. These questions are not meant to insult your intelligence. They are merely basic questions that I and all Federal District Judges must ask in order to comply with the Federal Rules.

If you do not hear or you do not understand one of my questions, please interrupt me. I'm perfectly willing to either repeat or rephrase my question. And therefore, if you respond to one of my questions, I am going to assume that you have both heard and understood the question.

Do you understand that, sir?

13 A. Yes, Your Honor.

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- Q. You may speak to your Attorney, Mr. White, at any time.
- You may speak to Mr. White privately if you care to do so. Do
- 16 you understand that?
- 17 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- 18 Q. Mr. Pauley, have you been furnished with a copy of the
- 19 charges made against you in this matter by the Government of
- 20 the United States?
- 21 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- 22 Q. Do you understand these charges?
- 23 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- Q. Do you wish to have the Information read to you now in
- 25 open court?

- A. No, Your Honor.
- Q. Have you had enough time to review these charges with
- 3 Mr. White?

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- 4 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- Q. Has Mr. White gone over the charges against you and fully explained your trial rights and defenses that you could bring to the charges?
- 8 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- 9 Q. Mr. Pauley, you have a Constitutional right to be charged 10 by an Indictment of a grand jury, but you can waive or give up 11 that right and consent to being charged by an Information of 12 the United States Attorney. Let me explain that to you now in 13 some detail.
 - You have the right to have these charges submitted to a grand jury of between 16 and 23 people, and at least 12 of these people would have to find probable cause that you committed this offense in order for you to be charged in an Indictment.
 - Do you voluntarily now give up this right and agree to allow the Government of the United States to bring charges against you in an Information?
- 22 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- THE COURT: For the record, the Court notes that
 the waiver of Indictment has been signed by Mr. Pauley and is
 accepted now by the Court.

Before I proceed further, I will note for the record that I am addressing this Defendant, Mr. Pauley, personally; I am doing so in open court and pursuant to Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 11(b)(1).

5 BY THE COURT:

- Q. Mr. Pauley, would you state your name again for the record, please.
- 8 A. Jeremy Lee Pauley.
- 9 Q. Mr. Pauley, can you read, write, and converse in the
- 10 English language?
- 11 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- 12 Q. Could you tell me, sir, how old you are?
- 13 A. 41 years old.
- 14 Q. And could you tell me, please, what your educational
- 15 background is?
- 16 A. Ninth grade education.
- 17 Q. Thank you. Mr. Pauley, have you discussed the charges
- 18 made against you and any defenses you could bring to the
- 19 charges, and for that matter the case generally with
- 20 Mr. White?
- 21 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- 22 Q. I need to determine now if you're a citizen of the United
- 23 States. If you're not, I have some additional questions for
- 24 you along those lines. Could you tell me, sir, where you were
- 25 born?

- A. Allentown, Pennsylvania.
- Q. And you're citizen, then, of the United States?
- 3 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- 4 Q. Mr. Pauley, are you currently taking any prescription
- 5 medication?
- 6 A. No, Your Honor.
- 7 Q. Have you had any drugs or alcohol either today or
- 8 yesterday?
- 9 A. No, Your Honor.
- 10 Q. Have you been treated recently for drug addiction?
- 11 A. No, Your Honor.
- 12 Q. Have you been treated recently for alcohol addiction?
- 13 A. No, Your Honor.
- 14 Q. Have you been treated recently for mental illness?
- 15 A. No.
- 16 Q. Do you understand what is happening today and why you are
- appearing before me in Federal Court?
- 18 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- 19 Q. Are you able to concentrate on what I am saying to you
- 20 today?
- 21 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- THE COURT: Counsel, I'm satisfied, then, that this
- Defendant is currently competent to plead guilty, and I will
- therefore continue now with the change of plea hearing by
- turning to Rule 11 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure.

BY THE COURT:

Q. Mr. Pauley, if you were to plead not guilty, you would have the right to a jury trial. Let me explain that right to you now in some detail.

You are entitled to a jury trial in which you, through your attorney, Mr. White, would select a jury consisting of typically 12 but never fewer than 6 persons to sit as a jury to hear the facts of this case. And at trial, the Government of the United States has the burden of proving each and every element of the crime charged against you, and the Government must meet this burden beyond a reasonable doubt. You are presumed innocent during these proceedings unless and until the Government proves the charges against you beyond a reasonable doubt.

At trial, you have the right, again through your Attorney, Mr. White, to confront witnesses against you by what is called cross examination. And at trial, you would also have the right to subpoena witnesses and evidence in support of your plea of not guilty.

At trial you would have the right to but would not be required to testify on your own behalf. If you decide not to testify or set forth any evidence, that decision cannot be used against you. To find you guilty, the verdict must be unanimous, which is to say all jurors would have to agree.

If you give up your right to a jury trial by

- pleading guilty today, you are giving up your right to present any defenses you may have and your right to appeal any pretrial motions.
- Having explained that to you, sir, do you understand your right to a jury trial?
- 6 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- Q. Do you understand as well that you have the right to plead not guilty and to proceed with a jury trial in this matter?
- 10 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- 11 Q. Do you understand that you have a right to be represented
- by an attorney at all stages of this proceeding, including at
- trial, should you choose not to plead guilty today?
- 14 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- Q. Do you understand that by pleading guilty today, you will
- waive or give up your right to a trial?
- 17 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- Q. Do you wish to waive or give up that right and continue
- 19 with the guilty plea today?
- 20 A. Yes.
- 21 Q. Very well. Mr. Pauley, I understand that you are
- 22 pleading guilty to one count of conspiracy to commit
- 23 interstate transportation of stolen property in violation of
- 24 Title 18 of the United States Code, at Section 371, which
- 25 means that in terms of the elements, that two or more persons

agreed to do something which federal law prohibits, namely that which is set forth at Count 2, that you were a party to or a member of that agreement, that you joined the agreement or conspiracy knowing its objective to commit an offense against the United States, and at some time during the existence of the agreement, one or -- one or more members of the conspiracy performed at least one overt act for the purpose of furthering the objectives of the agreement.

Do you understand that?

A. Yes.

Yes, Your Honor.

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- Q. You're also pleading guilty to one count of interstate transportation of stolen property, in violation of Title 18 of the United States Code, at Section 2314. The elements of that section are that you transported, transmitted, or transmitted or transferred interstate or foreign commerce any goods, wears, merchandise, securities, or money, in this case, human remains; those human remains had a value of at least \$5,000; and you knew that those human remains had been stolen, converted, or taken by fraud. Do you understand that?
- Q. Mr. Pauley, do you understand that the statutory maximum term of imprisonment under the United States Code for the offense of conspiracy to commit Interstate transportation of stolen property in violation of Title 18 of the United States Code, at Section 371 is five years, a fine of \$250,000, a

maximum term of supervised release of three years, together with the costs of prosecution, the denial of certain federal benefits, and a \$100 special assessment.

Do you understand that, sir?

A. Yes, Your Honor.

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Q. Do you understand, as well, that the statutory maximum term of imprisonment under the United States Code for the offense of interstate transportation of stolen property in violation of Title 18 of the United States Code, at Section 2314 is 10 years, a fine of \$250,000, a maximum term of supervised release of 3 years, together with the costs of prosecution, the denial of certain federal benefits, and a \$100 special assessment.

Do you understand that, sir?

- A. Yes, Your Honor.
- Q. Do you understand, as well, that the aggregate maximum term of imprisonment, which is to say the maximum possible sentence for both of these offenses is 15 years of imprisonment, a fine of \$500,000, 3 years of supervised release, together with the costs of prosecution, the denial of certain federal benefits, and a \$200 special assessment.

Do you understand that?

- A. Yes, Your Honor.
- Q. Do you understand, as well, that any term of supervised release imposed is served after any term of imprisonment

- imposed?
- A. Yes, Your Honor.
- Q. Do you understand that if you violate the terms of
- 4 supervised release, you may be required, then, to return to
- 5 prison?
- 6 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- 7 Q. Do you understand that this Court has the authority to
- 8 order restitution, if it is applicable, to be paid to any
- 9 victims of the crime?
- 10 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- 11 Q. Do you understand that this Court is obligated to impose
- a \$100 special assessment per offense in this case?
- 13 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- 14 Q. Do you understand that there are sentencing guidelines I
- must consider before passing sentence on you?
- 16 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- 17 Q. Have you and Mr. White discussed the sentencing
- 18 guidelines that might apply in your case?
- 19 A. Yes.
- THE COURT: Mr. White, based upon what you know
- about Mr. Pauley's case today, which is to say in the absence
- of a presentence report, what did you estimate his guideline
- 23 range to be?
- MR. WHITE: Your Honor, we estimated 24 to 30
- 25 months.

THE COURT: What criminal history category do you believe he falls into?

MR. WHITE: I believe it could be a category 3.

THE COURT: Thank you. Mr. Camoni, do you agree with that estimated guideline range, again, based upon what you and your office know about Mr. Pauley's case today?

MR. CAMONI: Your Honor, my estimate of the guideline range would be the same. It's a category -- a criminal history category of 3, a total offense level of 18, minus three levels for acceptance of responsibility for a total range of 24 to 30 months, with the additional caveat that as I've disclosed to Defense Counsel prior to the signing of the plea agreement, the Government reserves its right to file a Motion for an upward variance or departure under Section 5K.2.8, which is the provision dealing with extreme conduct.

THE COURT: Thank you.

18 BY THE COURT:

- Q. Mr. Pauley, your guideline sentence cannot exceed the statutory maximum sentence of 15 years of imprisonment. Do you understand that?
- 22 A. Yes, sir.
- Q. A prior criminal conviction may increase your guideline range. Do you understand that?
- 25 A. Yes, Your Honor.

Q. Under Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 32(c)(1)(a)(2),
a probation officer within this District, quote, Must conduct
a presentence investigation and submit a report to the Court
before it imposes sentence unless the Court finds that the
information in the record enables it to meaningfully exercise
the sentencing authority under Title 18 of the United States
Code, at Section 3553 and the Court explains its findings on
the record.

Do you understand that?

10 A. Yes.

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- Q. Mr. Pauley, have you ever been on supervision for a crime before such as probation, parole, supervised release, or ARD?
- 13 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- Q. If you were on supervision when you committed this
 present offense, your plea of guilty today would be an
 admission that you violated that supervision. Do you
 understand that, sir?
- 18 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- Q. Mr. Pauley, a United States Probation Officer from this
 Federal District will prepare a presentence report which will
 set your guideline sentencing range. If you disagree with the
 report, this guilty plea is still binding on you, but you can
 contest the report with the probation officer, and after that
 before me, if necessary.

The Government can also contest the presentence

- 1 report. Do you understand that?
- A. Yes, Your Honor.
- Q. Mr. Pauley, do you further understand that your attorney
- and the Government can make -- can agree on facts and make
- 5 recommendations, motions, and requests at the time of
- 6 sentencing, but that I do not have to do what they ask me to
- 7 do?
- 8 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- 9 O. Excuse me. Your plea of quilty will be binding on you,
- 10 regardless of whether I agree with their facts and
- 11 recommendations at the time of sentencing. Do you understand
- 12 that?
- 13 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- Q. Mr. Pauley, do you understand that the guideline
- 15 sentencing range that was discussed earlier is advisory only,
- that after your guideline range has been determined, I have
- 17 the authority to impose a sentence that is more severe or less
- 18 severe than the sentence prescribed by the guidelines.
- 19 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- 20 Q. Do you understand, as well, that is there's no parole in
- 21 the federal system, and you must serve the entire term of
- imprisonment to which you are sentenced?
- 23 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- 24 Q. Do you further understand that no one can quarantee you
- what sentence you will receive from me?

- A. Yes, Your Honor.
- Q. Mr. Pauley, in your plea agreement, you have waived your
- 3 right to appeal your sentence. However, sir, no Defendant can
- 4 completely waive their right to appeal their sentence. Did
- 5 Mr. White explain that to you?
- 6 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- Q. Do you understand, then, that you have waived your right
- 8 to a direct appeal?
- 9 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- 10 Q. Do you understand that in certain circumstances,
- 11 however, you may still be able to appeal your sentence to a
- 12 higher Federal Court, the Court of Appeals, that could modify
- or set aside the sentence or order me to resentence you?
- 14 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- 15 Q. The Government may also be able to appeal your sentence.
- 16 Do you understand that?
- 17 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- 18 Q. You previously stated that you are a citizen of the
- 19 United States, that you were born in, did you say Allentown,
- 20 Pennsylvania?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 Q. Very well. I understand that there is a plea agreement
- 23 in this matter. Mr. Pauley, did you voluntarily sign the plea
- 24 agreement?
- 25 A. Yes, Your Honor.

Ο. Do you believe that Mr. White has adequately explained the plea agreement to you?

Yes, he has.

THE COURT:

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Thank you. Mr. Camoni, would you summarize the terms of the plea now for the Court's benefit? Certainly, Your Honor. In paragraph MR. CAMONI: one of the plea agreement, the Defendant agrees, as we've discussed, to plead guilty to a felony Information waiving Indictment, charging, in Count 1, a violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 371 and 2314, conspiracy to commit interstate transportation of stolen property and in Count 2, a violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section

2314, interstate transportation of stolen property.

In paragraph 10, the parties agree and understand that the United States Sentencing Commission Guidelines will be used to calculate an advisory guideline range at the time of sentencing. Paragraph 11, the Government agrees to recommend a three-level reduction in that offense level for acceptance of responsibility so long as the Defendant complies with the requirements under Section 3D.1.1 of the guidelines.

Under paragraph 12, the Government reserves the right to make an appropriate sentencing recommendation at the time of sentencing, up to and including the maximums under the In paragraphs 15 and 16, the Defendant recognizes that the Court has an obligation under the mandatory

restitution act to impose restitution, if applicable in this case, and that the Defendant agrees to make full restitution in accordance with the schedule to be determined by the Court in paragraph 16.

As Your Honor's already discussed in paragraphs 21 and 22, the Court is not bound by the terms of this agreement. Mr. Pauley recognizes that the Court may reject any and all of the parties' recommendations and is free to impose a sentence up to and including the statutory maximums. And under paragraph 22, the Defendant recognizes that if the Court imposes a sentence with which the Defendant is dissatisfied, that alone will not be a ground upon which he will be permitted to withdraw his plea of guilty.

Under paragraph 30, again, as the Court has already noted, the Defendant is entered into a conditional appeal waiver, to appeal his right to -- to waive his right to appeal the conviction and sentence so long as the Court imposes a sentence within or below the applicable advisory guideline range as determined by the Court.

And in paragraph 31, the Defendant acknowledges that he has certain rights to collaterally attack the Defendant's conviction or sentence or any other matter relating to the prosecution and waives that right to the extent permissible by law.

These are the most salient provisions of the plea

agreement, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you, sir. Mr. White, has

Mr. Camoni accurately summarized the principal terms of the

signed plea agreement as you understand it?

MR. WHITE: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you.

BY THE COURT:

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- Q. Mr. Pauley, has Mr. Camoni, who is the federal prosecutor assigned to your case, accurately summarized the chief terms of the plea agreement as you understand it?
- 11 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- Q. Mr. Pauley, do you understand that the terms of the plea agreement are simply recommendations to this Court, that I can reject these recommendations without permitting you to withdraw your plea of guilty and impose, then, a sentence that is more severe than the sentence you may anticipate?
- 17 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- Q. Thank you. Mr. Pauley, did anyone promise or offer you anything, aside from the written plea agreement, in order to get you to plead guilty before the Court today?
- 21 A. No, Your Honor.
- Q. Mr. Pauley, have there been any threats made against you or made against any member of your family that caused you or forced you to plead guilty?
- 25 A. No, Your Honor.

- Q. Mr. Pauley, are you pleading guilty, then, of your own free will?
- 3 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- Q. Do you understand, sir, that you are entering a plea of guilty to a felony, which may deprive you of valuable civil rights such as the right to vote, the right to hold public office, the right to serve on a jury, the right to possess a firearm, or the right to hold a professional license?
- A. Yes, Your Honor.
- Q. Do you understand as a consequence of your guilty plea, you may, then, be required to submit to DNA sampling?
- 12 A. Yes, Your Honor.
- 13 Q. Thank you.

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- THE COURT: Mr. Camoni, would you place on the record now the facts that you and your office would present to support the charges made against Mr. Pauley?
- MR. CAMONI: Thank you, Your Honor. Jeremy Pauley resided within the Middle District of Pennsylvania during all times relevant to the charges in the Information. Mr. Pauley was in the business of buying and selling human remains.
- Mr. Pauley used FaceBook to advertise remains for sale and to communicate with other individuals with an interest in buying, selling, and collecting human remains.
 - Mr. Pauley used PayPal to send and receive funds related to transactions wherein he sold or bought human

remains and the US Postal Service to ship and receive human remains. Between at least 2021 and 2022, Jeremy Pauley retained human remains from Katrina Maclean and Joshua Taylor on multiple occasions. Pauley maintained an ongoing business relationship with Maclean and with Taylor. Maclean and Taylor provided Pauley with remains in exchange for payment or trade and were aware that Pauley was in the business of selling human remains.

Pauley knew that the remains provided to him by

Maclean and Taylor were stolen from a morgue at Harvard

Medical School in Boston, Massachusetts, by a source of supply
who was employed there. Maclean and Taylor shipped the
remains obtained in Massachusetts through US mail to Pauley in
Pennsylvania.

In fact, Maclean and Taylor purchased the remains they sold from Cedric Lodge, the manager of the morgue at Harvard Medical School. Lodge stole parts from donated cadavers prior to cremation and sold them to Maclean, Taylor, and others between at least 2018 and 2022.

By agreement, Lodge would allow Maclean and Taylor into the morgue to choose what parts they wanted to purchase, including skin, whole and partial heads and faces, brains, internal organs, and bones. The goal of the overall conspiracy was for all parties to profit from the sale of human remains. The members of the agreement depended on one

another for supply and payment and developed a mutual trust in their transactions.

Additionally, beginning in October, 2021, Jeremy Pauley began purchasing human remains from Candace Chapman Scott, an employee of a crematorium in Arkansas. Pauley knew that Chapman Scott was supposed to have cremated the remains but instead stole them from her place of employment and sold them to Pauley. Pauley communicated with Chapman Scott through FaceBook and sent payments via PayPal. Chapman Scott shipped the purchased remains through the United States mail from Arkansas to Pennsylvania. The remains Pauley purchased from Chapman Scott included brains, internal organs, and two stillborn fetal corpses.

Pauley sold many of the stolen remains he purchased from Maclean, Taylor, and Chapman Scott. Matthew Lampi, with whom Pauley had an ongoing business relationship buying, selling, and trading human remains between them purchased several of the specimens that originated in Arkansas, knowing that Pauley had obtained them from an individual who stole them from a crematorium in Arkansas. Pauley shipped the remains, including one stillborn corpse, from Pennsylvania to Lampi in Minnesota. The aggregate value of the stolen remains transported through interstate commerce was in excess of \$5,000.

At trial, the Government would prove these facts

- through physical evidence, photographs, witness testimony, expert witness testimony, documentary evidence, written communications, payment records, and audio and video 3 recordings.
- 5 THE COURT: Thank you, sir.
- BY THE COURT: 6
- Mr. Pauley, do you fully admit to those facts as recited 7 now to the Court by the Assistant United States Attorney? 8
- Yes, Your Honor. Α.
- Mr. Pauley, with all the information I have addressed 10 with you thus far today, is it still your desire to plead 11 quilty?
- 13 Yes, Your Honor.

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- Are you pleading guilty because you are, in fact, guilty? 14
- Yes, Your Honor. Α. 15
- Mr. Pauley, are you willing to waive your right to a 16 trial by a jury of your peers?
- Yes, Your Honor.
- 19 Q. Mr. Pauley, do you now plead guilty?
- 20 Yes, Your Honor.
- Very well. The Court makes the following findings: 21 Defendant, Jeremy Pauley, is fully alert; he is competent; he 22
- is capable of entering an informed plea. The Court notes that 23
- this plea is a knowing and it is a voluntary plea supported by
- 25 an independent basis in fact containing each of the essential

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elements of the offense -- offenses to which he has pled
    quilty. Mr. Pauley's plea of quilty is therefore accepted.
    He is now adjudged guilty of these offenses.
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              For the record, I note the guilty plea form has
   been signed by Mr. Pauley and is accepted now by the Court.
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    Thank you.
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              I will enter an order now memorializing these
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    findings. The Court finds that this Defendant, Jeremy Pauley,
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    is acting voluntarily and not as a result of force or threats
    or promises; that he understands his rights and the
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    consequences of his plea; and he voluntarily waives his right
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    to trial. The Court finds that this plea is a basis in fact.
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    The Court accepts the plea of guilty to the Information.
              It is ordered, then, that the United States
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    Probation Office shall conduct a presentence investigation,
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    shall prepare a presentence report.
              Counsel, a presentence conference will be scheduled
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    if one proves necessary.
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              Counsel, do you all have -- do you each have a copy
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    of the pretrial services report?
              MR. CAMONI: I do, Your Honor.
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              MR. WHITE: Yes, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Mr. White, have you had an opportunity
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    to review the report with Mr. Pauley?
              MR. WHITE: Yes, Your Honor.
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THE COURT: Mr. Camoni, what's the Government's position?

MR. CAMONI: Your Honor, the Government is not moving for detention at this time but would ask for release under conditions of supervision.

THE COURT: Mr. White?

MR. WHITE: Your Honor, we have no issue with those conditions. My client did bring his passport with him and does has the ability to surrender it to the Court today.

THE COURT: Very good.

In accordance, then, with Title 18 of the United States Code, at Section 3142, it is ordered that this Defendant, Jeremy Pauley, is released upon his personal recognizance, subject to the condition that he not commit any federal, state, or local crime during his period of release and subject to the condition that he cooperate in the collection of a DNA sample if the collection of such a sample is authorized pursuant to Section 3 of the DNA Analysis Backlog Elimination Act of 2000.

I will enter an order on release on Mr. Pauley's personal recognizance. Mrs. Rhinehart, Mr. White will hand that to you when I go off the bench. Read that over, endorse that, have Mr. Pauley endorse it; and then I will endorse it, as well.

Is there anything else that should be discussed

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regarding Mr. Pauley's case today? Mr. Camoni?
              MR. CAMONI: Nothing further from the Government,
    Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Mr. White, anything else?
              MR. WHITE: Nothing, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Mr. Pauley, we'll see you back in
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    several months at the time of sentencing. Court will stand in
    recess, then, until 2:30 p.m.. Court will rise.
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               (At 12:41 p.m., the proceedings were concluded.)
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CERTIFICATION

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I, Colleen V. Wentz, Federal Official Realtime Court Reporter, in and for the United States District Court for the Middle District of Pennsylvania, do hereby certify that pursuant to Section 753, Title 28, United States Code, that the foregoing is a true and correct transcript of the stenographically-reported proceedings held in the above-entitled matter, and that the transcript page format is in conformance with the regulations of the Judicial Conference of the United Sates.

> /s/ Colleen V. Wentz Colleen V. Wentz, RMR, CRR U.S. Official Court Reporter 570.259.2258

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